**Control Flow Statement:**

The control flow statement execute from the beginning of the program to the end of the program. The control flow statement will break the execution and follow the instruction which we provided in the condition.

* If
* Else-If
* Else
* Switch
* While
* For
* Break
* Continue
* Return

**IF()-** It enables your program to execute a certain section of code depending on the state of variables, or values returned from methods.

**Else-If()-** It is the next certain section code when the IF condition fails

**Else()-** It is the section of the code which the above condition was false.

**Switch()-** A switch statement gives you the option to test for a range of values for your variables.

**While()-** The while loop executes a set of statements while a certain conditions is true.

**For()-** A for loop executes a block of code as long as some condition is true.

**Break-** It is to terminate the statement.

**Continue-**The continue statement skips the current iteration of a for, while, or do-while loop.

**Return-** The return statement exist the current method and return to where the method was invoked.

**Different Between the Break and Continue:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Break | Continue |
| The break statement is used to terminate the loop immediately. | The continue statement is used to skip the current iteration of the loop. |
| We can use a break with the switch statement. | We cannot use in the Switch statement |
| It stops the execution of the loop. | It does not stop the execution of the loop |
| We can use a break inside the While | We can use the continue statement inside while |